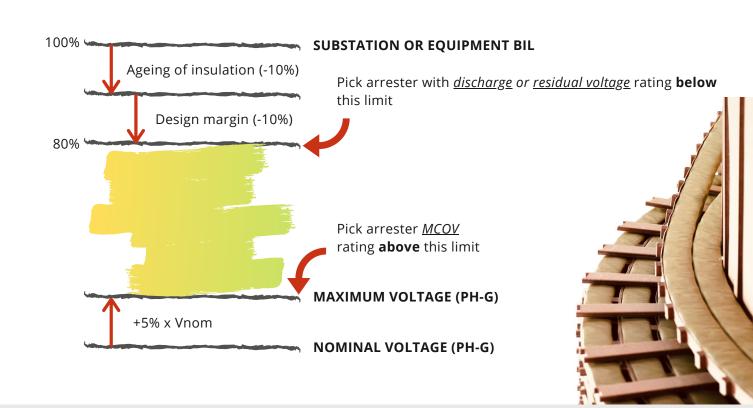
SPECIFYING LIGHTNING ARRESTER FOR SUBSTATIONS

Based on IEEE standards



THE BARE MINIMUM - DISCHARGE VOLTAGE & MCOV



EXAMPLE

Substation BIL: 650kV

Nominal Voltage: 138kV Ph-Ph Grounding: Low impedance

Specify arrester using below table

MCOV Calculations

Maximum voltage (PH-PH): 138 x 1.05 = 145kV Maximum voltage (PH - G): 145/Sqrt(3) = 84kV

Choose MCOV >= 84kV

Discharge voltage calculations

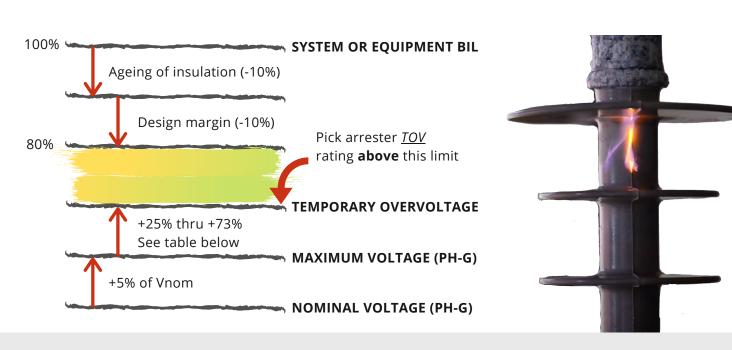
Removing 20% from 650 yields - 520kV BIL

Choose discharge voltage <= 520kV

Using table, an adequate arrester has 86kV MCOV and 280kV discharge voltage @10kA

Max. System Voltage	Rated Voltage	Max. continuous operating voltage 1)		TOV capability 2)		Max. residual voltage with current wave						
		as per IEC	as per ANSI/IEEE			30/60 µs	5		8/20 µs			
U _m	U _r	U _C	MCOV	1 s	10 s	0.5 kA	1 kA	2 kA	5 kA	10 kA	20 kA	40 kA
kV _{rms}	kV _{rms}	kV _{rms}	kV _{rms}	kV _{rms}	kV _{rms}	kV _{peak}	kV _{peak}	kV _{peak}	kV _{peak}	kV _{peak}	kV _{peak}	kV _{peak}
145	108	86	86.0	124	118	223	231	242	264	280	314	359
	120	92	98.0	138	132	247	257	269	294	311	349	398
	132	92	106	151	145	272	283	296	323	342	383	438
	138	92	111	158	151	284	295	309	338	358	401	458
	144	92	115	165	158	297	308	323	352	373	418	478

THE DETAILS - TOV & ENERGY CLASS



TEMPORARY OVERVOLTAGE

Multiply maximum voltage (Ph-G) with multipliers that match your system neutral grounding.

4-Wire multi-grounded system	1.25 x			
3-Wire/4-wire source grounded	1.4 x			
High impedance grounded	1.73 x			
Delta or ungrounded	1.73 x			

ENERGY CLASS

During arrester operation, primarily due to a switching surge, the surge current generates heat. If the heat produced > heat dissipated, even after system restoration, the arrester fails.

IEEE C62.11 defines classes A thru N, with N having the highest energy rating.

Are you installing arresters in a system with excessive switching operation? Specify one with a higher energy class.

